מה טבו

מַה טֹבוּ אֹהָלֶידָ, יַעֲקֹב, מִשְׁכְּנֹתֶידָ, יִשְׂרָאֵל. וַאֲנִי בְּרֹב חַסְדָדָ אָבוֹא בֵיתֶדָ. אָשְׁתַחֲוֶה אֶל הֵיכַל קָדְשְׁדָ בְּיִרְאָתֶדָ. יִיָ אָהַבְתִּי מְעוֹן בֵּיתֶדּ, וּמְקוֹם מִשְׁכַּן כְּבוֹדֶדָ. וַאַנִי אֶשְׁתַּחֲוֶה וְאֶכְרָעָה, אֶבְרְכָה לִפְנֵי יְיָ עֹשִׂי. וַאֲנִי, הְפִלָּתִי לְדָ יְיָ, צֵת רָצוֹן,

ָאָלֹהִים בְּרָב חַסְדֶּדָ, אֲנֵנִי בֶּאֱמֶת יִשְׁעֶדָ.

מה טבו

Root: ユーリーひ

Meaning - good

Word in the prayer with the root: うユゼ

ישרי is found in the warm up, introductory section, of the Reform Shabbat morning service. It serves to welcome everyone to the worship service, just as Abraham (Jacob's grandfather) welcomed visitors to his tent. It signals the formal beginning of the service. As we sing this prayer we ready ourselves for prayer.

The first part of $\Delta \mathcal{T} \mathcal{T}$ comes from the Torah in the Book of Numbers, the 4th book of the Five Books of Moses. Other parts of the prayer come from different verses in the Book of Psalms. $\Delta \mathcal{T} \mathcal{T}$ recalls the story of B'laam, a prophet of the king of the

Moabites, Balak, who was an enemy of Israel. King Balak sends his prophet B'laam to curse the Israelites. Along the journey God sends an angel to block his path, and B'laam's donkey, seeing the angel, goes off the road to bypass the angel. B'laam, who doesn't see the angel, beats the donkey for going off the road. The donkey opens its mouth and starts speaking to B'laam, asking why he is beating her. B'laam sees the angel, who tells him that he will not be able to curse the Israelites, and will only be able to say what God allows. B'laam attempts to fulfill the task Balak hired him to do, but instead blesses the Israelites. From higher ground, he gazes down at the encamped Israelites spread below him far into the distance and wondrously announces, " $\dot{\chi}$, $\ddot{\chi}$, $\ddot{\chi}$, $\ddot{\chi}$, $\ddot{\chi}$, $\ddot{\chi}$, $\ddot{\chi}$ "

emphasizes the importance of looking outwards, and to serve as an

example to those around us. Like Balak and B'laam, the outside world notices us, and learns from our actions.

When we first enter the sanctuary, ready to recite words of praise and blessing to God, we strive to acknowledge our own role and essential part we play in helping to fix the world. The words of $3\pi^2$ anchor us to our place within humanity. The prayer celebrates Jewish identity.

what, how - つり	good - טֹבוּ
and place - וּאָקוֹם	I bow down - אֶלְאָתַן

Past Roots and Prefixes

bless ンーフーユ	place, put カー・- ゼ	choose ーローコ
so the word "God" (ה)-א-ל-לא	root for names of God and al	וife, live (')-ר-ר
great, large ל-ד-ג	to, for ک	and 1
save, redeem ל-א-ל	on, in, with 그 or 고	give ב-ת-1
mother ねーX	father ユード	hero, power ヽーユー よ
speak ヿーユー フ	love א-ה-ב	holy, sacred ゼーマーア
ruler ンーンーン		

Translation

How good are your tents, O Jacob, your dwellings, O Israel. I, through Your great love, enter Your house; I bow down in awe at Your holy temple.

Adonai, I love Your temple, the dwelling-place of Your glory. I will humbly bow down low before Adonai, my Maker.

As for me, may my prayer come to You, Adonai, at a favorable time. O God, in Your abundant faithfulness, answer me with Your sure deliverance.